

1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584 2585 2586 2587 2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599 2600 2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607 2608 2609 2610 2611 2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620 2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627 2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633 2634 2635 2636 2637 2638 2639 2640 2641 2642 2643 2644 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 2650 2651 2652 2653 2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660 2661 2662 2663 2664 2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688 2689 2690 2691 2692 2693 2694 2695 2696 2697 2698 2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722 2723 2724 2725 2726 2727 2728 2729 2730 2731 2732 2733 2734 2735 2736 2737 2738 2739 2740 2741 2742 2743 2744 2745 2746 2747 2748 2749 2750 2751 2752 2753 2754 2755 2756 2757 2758 2759 2760 2761 2762 2763 2764 2765 2766 2767 2768 2769 2770 2771 2772 2773 2774 2775 2776 2777 2778 2779 2780 2781 2782 2783 2784 2785 2786 2787 2788 2789 2790 2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800 2801 2802 2803 2804 2805 2806 2807 2

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR THE ROUTING OF SHORT MESSAGES

Janne LINKOLA

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to telecommunication systems. In particular, the invention is directed to a method and system for the routing of short messages.

2. Description of Related Art

The known phrase "short message service" refers to a telecommunication service for the transmission and receipt of short text messages. In a GSM (Global System for Mobile communications) mobile communication network, for example, the short message service provides a means for sending messages having a maximum length of 160 characters to a GSM terminal. Implementing of a short message service requires a short message service center which functions as a center at which short messages are stored and from which they are further transmitted. Typically, a particular short message service center of a mobile network is set up or defined, in the telecommunication terminal (such as a mobile station), as the one with which that terminal communicates in carrying out short messaging functions and communication. There are two point-to-point functions defined for the short message service: Mobile Originated, which denotes a message originated by a telecommunication terminal or terminal device; and Mobile Terminated, which denotes a message that is addressed to a telecommunication terminal or device.

Many services operated using or by means of short messages have been implemented in telecommunication networks, and particularly in mobile communication networks. In a bank service application, for example, the user of a telecommunication terminal can pay his bills using a short message service. To do this, the user sends a short message in a predetermined format through a short message service center to a predetermined number. The predetermined format of the short message contains the data required for execution of the bank service function. The predetermined number has been defined as a particular address in a fixed data network, and the short message service center performs an address conversion from the predetermined number to the data network address. A bank application in the data network processes the command delivered in the short message and sends a response via the short message center to the user of the telecommunication terminal from which the request originated.

In the situation described above, the short message service center is an essential component for the bank application; i.e. because the short message service center has to perform a specific address conversion, the application is dependent on the operation and required functionality that is provided by that particular short message service center and often on the network operator as well. This necessary reliance is a source of problems for subscribers using different networks because the service application is therefore only available in certain networks. If a subscriber in a first network wants to use a service application provided in a second or different network, then the subscriber has to specially define or redefine, in his telecommunication terminal, a short message service center of the second

network for the time during which he is using the service application. The subscriber must also perform this operation between two short message service centers in the network of the same operator.

Heretofore known is a method by which a short message of Mobile Terminated format can be forwarded, as a short message in Mobile Originated format, by means of a telecommunication terminal. However, the short message must cross a radio interface, and thus necessarily entails a waste of limited radio network capacity. This method cannot, moreover, be applied to a large number of short messages that must be simultaneously transmitted. In a known solution, the operator of the first network may perform a conversion service in a short message service center in the first network; this requires, however, special agreement between the operators of the first and second networks.

OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is accordingly the *desideratum* of the present invention to eliminate, or at least significantly reduce or alleviate, the drawbacks and deficiencies inherent in prior art systems and methods such, for example, as those described hereinabove.

It is a particular object of the invention to provide a novel method and system that enable the use of short message-based data network services independently of the particular short message service center that is defined in (and thus used by) the mobile station.

In one aspect the present invention is directed to a method for routing a short message into a data network in a telecommunication system that comprises a mobile communication network and, connected to the mobile communication network, a telecommunication terminal, a first short message service center and a data network. The short message service center defined in, for use by, the telecommunication terminal is the first short message service center. In the inventive method, a short message that is addressed to a predetermined destination number is routed from the terminal to the first short message service center. A mobile switching center that is defined or located in the numerical addressing range of the mobile communication network is determined from the destination number. The numerical range may, by way of example, correspond to the numbering scheme E.164. The short message is routed from the first short message service center in Mobile Terminated format to the predetermined destination number.

More particularly, and in further accordance with the inventive method, the short message is routed from the first short message service center to a special converter component on the basis of the predetermined destination number that refers to the converter component and which is in the numerical range of the mobile communication network. The converter component is a novel and heretofore unknown type of network component that implements particular functions in the mobile switching center. The short message is then routed from the converter component to the data network.

Various embodiments may be implemented using one or more of a number of variations and refinements as herein disclosed. Thus, the data network may be connected to the converter component and the short message transmitted directly from the converter component into the data network. The converter component may be located at a network address of or corresponding to the mobile switching center.

The predetermined short message destination number referring to the converter component may be converted in the converter component into a destination number that refers to the data network. The destination number is preferably comprised in or as a part of the numbering scheme of a global mobile communication network, which means that it will be possible to be connected to the data network via existing telecommunication terminals regardless of the network or operator. In other words, a short message can be routed to the data network simply by using a number that refers to or identifies the converter component.

The invention is further directed to a method for routing a short message in a telecommunication system as described above but additionally comprising a second short

message service center to which the data network is connected. In accordance with this modified implementation of the invention, the short message is routed from the first short message service center to the converter component on the basis of a destination number that refers to the first short message center and that is part of the number range of the mobile communication network. A Mobile Terminated format short message is converted in the converter component into a Mobile Originated format short message and routed to the second short message service center. The converter component may be located at a network address of or corresponding to the mobile switching center.

The short message destination number that refers to the converter component may be converted into a destination number that refers to the second short message service center, this second or latter destination number again referring to a destination number in the data network connected to the second short message service center. The destination number conversions are so chained that the data network and the service implemented in the data network will eventually be reached by initial use of a number that refers to the converter component in the user's "home" or otherwise directly-accessible communications network.

An acknowledgement message may also be routed from the second short message service center to the first short message service center via the converter component. In this way, the first short message service center receives an acknowledgement message in response to receipt of the Mobile Terminated format short message.

The invention additionally provides a system for the routing of a short message into a data network from a telecommunication system that comprises a mobile communication

network and, connected to the mobile network, a telecommunication terminal, a first short message service center and a data network. The first short message service center is defined in the telecommunication terminal as the active short message service center. In the inventive system, a short message that is routed to a predetermined destination number is addressed from the telecommunication terminal to the first short message service center. A mobile switching center identified or designated in the numerical range of the mobile communication network is determined from the destination number of the short message and the short message is then routed from the first short message service center in Mobile Terminated format to the predetermined destination number.

The system of the invention comprises a converter component connected to the mobile communication network, and the short message destination number in the numerical range of the mobile communication network refers to that converter component. The system further comprises means for routing the short message from the first short message service center to the converter component based on the destination number which refers to the converter component, and means for routing the short message from the converter component to the data network. The converter component is preferably located at a network address that corresponds to the mobile switching center. In some embodiments of the invention, the data network is connected to the converter component.

In implementing the inventive system, the converter component may comprise means for converting a predetermined short message destination number that refers to the converter component into a destination number that refers to the data network.

5 The present invention further provides a system for the routing of a short message in a telecommunication system as described above but additionally comprising a second short message service center to which the data network is connected. The converter component is connected to the mobile communication network, and has a destination number that is defined in the numerical range of the mobile communication network. The converter component comprises means for converting a Mobile Terminated format short message into a Mobile Originated format short message, and means for sending the converted format short message to the second short message service center. The converter component is preferably located at a network address that corresponds to the mobile switching center.

10 The converter component may, in various embodiments of the inventive system, comprise means for converting a predetermined short message destination number that refers to the converter component into a destination number that refers to the second short message service center, which in turn refers to a destination number in the data network.

15 The system may also comprise means for routing an acknowledgement message from the second short message service center to the first short message service center via the converter component. This arrangement enables the first short message service center to receive an acknowledgement message in response to receipt of the Mobile Terminated format short message.

20 The mobile communication network utilized or present in some implementations and embodiments of the inventive method and system as described above is based on a digital

mobile communication system, such for example as a GSM (Global System for Mobile communication) system.

As compared with the prior art, the present invention advantageously enables the use of Mobile Terminated format short messages which are transmitted from network to network. Short message applications provided in another, different network can therefore be utilized without operators or users having to make any changes to existing equipment. No separate agreement is needed between operators to allow the use of services provided by another operator, and the user need not set or define in his mobile station the access or routing number of the short message service center of the other operator in order to use, and for the time that he is using, a service provided by the other operator. The invention accordingly allows for world-wide utilization of a service as a consequence of the global numbering system that is used in the mobile communication network.

The invention may be applied to a form of service in which, for example, a television advertisement or like interactive medium presents a question and a telephone number to which a text message can be sent. In this way it is possible to implement applications such as telephonic polls using text messages, thus avoiding the congestion that would result from the use of a conventional switched connection in the conduct of such polls. This form of service is also advantageous to the user since the connection functions without regard to the particular active short message service center assigned for each subscriber. The invention furthermore allows a large number of calls to be simultaneously connected to a data network via a text message service.

Other objects and features of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

It is to be understood, however, that the drawings are designed solely for purposes of illustration and not as a definition of the limits of the invention, for which reference should be

5 made to the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawings, wherein like reference characters denote similar elements throughout the several Figures:

5

Figs. 1a and 1b schematically depict prior art signaling schemes;

Fig. 2 is a diagrammatic block diagram of a system constructed in accordance with the present invention; and

Fig. 3 schematically depicts a signaling scheme in accordance with the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE CURRENTLY PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 1a illustrates typical signaling that currently takes place in a GSM communication system for a Mobile Terminated short message. With reference to the numbered arrows in that Figure, a short message consistent with GSM specification 03.40 is sent (arrow 1) from a short message service center SC to a mobile switching center GMSC that serves as a gateway. The mobile switching center GMSC queries (arrow 2) the subscriber's home location register HLR for routing data for the subscriber using the MAP (Mobile Application Part) operation MAP_SEND_ROUTING_INFO_FOR_SM. The home location register HLR responds to the query (arrow 3). The mobile switching center GMSC routes the short message (arrow 4) to mobile switching center SMSC using a MAP_MT_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE operation, and mobile switching center SMSC queries (arrow 5) the visitor location register VLR for the location of the B-party using a MAP_SEND_INFO_FOR_MT_SMS operation. The visitor location register VLR then responds to the query (arrow 6) with a MAP_PAGE/MAP_SEARCH_FOR_MOBILE_SUBSCRIBER operation. Mobile switching center SMSC searches the network (arrow 7) to reach the mobile station MS using a BSSAP (Base Station System Application Part) operation as described in GSM specification 04.08. The mobile station MS responds (arrow 8) to the search. Mobile switching center SMSC then sends (arrow 9) to the visitor location register VLR an acknowledgement that it has reached the mobile station MS, and the visitor location register VLR sends (arrow 10) an acknowledgement

to the mobile switching center SMSC. The mobile switching center sends the short message to the mobile station MS (arrow 11) in the manner described by GSM specification 04.11. The mobile station MS sends an acknowledgement (arrow 12) of its receipt of the short message to the mobile switching center SMSC, which then sends (arrow 13) an acknowledgement to the mobile switching center GMSC that serves as the gateway. Mobile switching center GMSC additionally sends (arrow 14) to the short message service center SC an acknowledgement of transmission of the short message.

Fig. 1b similarly illustrates the typical signaling operations that currently take place in a GSM system for a Mobile Originated short message.

As seen in Fig. 1b, the process begins when a mobile station MS sends (arrow 15) a short message to a mobile switching center SMSC in the manner described in GSM specification 04.11. The mobile switching center SMSC checks (arrow 16) the subscriber information in the visitor location register VLR using a MAP_SEND_INFO_FOR_MO_SMS operation, and the visitor location register VLR sends (arrow 17) an acknowledgement of the message to the mobile switching center SMSC. The mobile switching center SMSC then routes (arrow 18) the short message to another mobile switching center IWMSC using a MAP_MO_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE operation. The short message is routed (arrow 19) to the short message service center SC in the manner described in GSM specification 03.40, and the short message service center SC sends (arrow 20) an acknowledgement of the short message to mobile switching center IWMSC. Mobile switching center IWMSC also sends (arrow 21) an acknowledgement of the short message to mobile switching center SMSC

using a MAP_MO_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE_ACK operation, and mobile switching center SMSC sends (arrow 22) an acknowledgement of the short message to the mobile station MS using a BSSAP operation as described in GSM standard 04.11.

Fig. 2 depicts, in diagrammatic block form, a preferred embodiment of a system constructed and configured in accordance with the present invention. It will however be recognized and apparent to persons skilled in the art that Fig. 2 shows only those components essential to the operation of the invention, and thus not all of the devices and components that typically form or are used in conjunction with such a telecommunication network are included in Fig. 2..

As seen in Fig. 2, a mobile station MS is connected to a digital mobile communication network, as for example a GSM network. In the mobile station MS, short message service center SC1 has been defined as the active station or center through which short messages sent or received by that mobile station are to be transmitted. In the therein-depicted embodiment the inventive system further comprises a second short message service center SC2 to which a data network DN is connected. The short message service centers SC1 and SC2 may belong to or be a part of separate mobile communication networks that are managed by different operators or a single network that is managed by a single operator.

Connected between the mobile switching centers SC1, SC2 is a converter component MSCM of the invention. In the embodiment shown and now described by way of illustrative example, the mobile station MS and the first short message service center SC1 belong to the network of a different operator than do the converter component MSCM, the

second short message service center SC2 and the data network DN. The present invention is nevertheless applicable, and operable, no matter where the network components are located and, indeed, the network components may be located in or form a part of or belong to any network. Moreover, the converter component MSCM can be a standalone device, as shown in
5 the drawing, or integrated as a part of some other suitable network component.

From mobile station MS, a short message is sent into the data network DN by using address or directive numbering that refers to the converter component MSCM. In the illustrated example, the short message is sent to telephone number D; the numeric sequence "+123" at the beginning of telephone number D refers to the converter component MSCM.
10 Converter component MSCM comprises means for routing the short message into the data network DN, with the telephone number D being converted into an address D' that refers to the second short message service center SC2. The short message is then routed further along the data network DN, with the short message service center SC2 converting the telephone number D' into the ultimate destination address D'' in data network DN.

15 Using means provided in converter component MSCM, the telephone number D can also be converted directly into the address D'' in data network DN. In that case, the data network DN is connected to converter component MSCM and the short message is transferred directly from converter component MSCM into data network DN without any actions being performed by second short message service center SC2. The interface between the converter
20 component MSCM and data network DN is similar to that between the short message service center SC2 and data network DN. In addition, either one or two transmission links may be

provided to data network DN. The reasons for using such alternative routing may be based on, by way of example, the particular data network destination address D'', the time, the contents of the message, or a malfunction in the second short message service center SC2, any of which may require the use of an alternative route.

5 The converter component MSCM comprises means for converting a Mobile Terminated format short message into a Mobile Originated format short message. This conversion is carried out by converting fields for messages in Mobile Terminated format into the fields of the Mobile Originated format. The converter component MSCM also comprises means for converting an acknowledgement message received from the second short message service center GMSC2 in response to a Mobile Originated format short message so that the telecommunication terminal MS sees the acknowledgement message as an answer to the original message. The fields to be converted may for example be presented in the MAP protocol items MAP_MT_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE and MAP_MO_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE, which are described in the GSM 09.02 v6.1.0 standard.

10 The following information elements in the original Mobile Terminated message are essential to the operation and use of the present invention:

- ** SM RP OA - contains the first short message service center SC1.
- ** SM RP DA - contains the GSM network subscriber identity IMSI that

15 corresponds to the destination number D.

** SM RP UI - contains a data element of the next protocol level TPDU, comprising the information element TP-OA which contains the telephone number (MSISDN1) of the sender (MS) of the message.

5 The following information elements are set in accordance with the invention in the converted Mobile Originated message:

** SM RP OA - the TP-OA found in the TPDU which was in the SM RP UI field in the Mobile Terminated message.

** SM RP DA - the address of the second short message service center SC2.

10 ** SM RP UI - the second address D' corresponding to the IMSI, found in the converter component MSCM, is set in the TPDU element field TP-DA found in SM RP UI.

15 The converter component MSCM is implemented so that it performs in part some of the same functions as the mobile switching center MSC defined in conjunction with mobile communication systems. The number of functions implemented in the converter component MSCM is nevertheless considerably smaller than those of the mobile switching center, so that the converter component MSCM is simpler in construction, easier to design and operate, and less expensive to manufacture and maintain.

20 In location updating, the converter component MSCM implements the functions of the visitor location register VLR. For updating, the subscriber register for the destination address or destination subscription of the original short message is used as a home location

register HLR. The converter component performs the MAP_UPDATE_LOCATION operation, responds to the MAP_INSERT_SUBSCRIBER_DATA with an appropriate acknowledgement message and receives a message acknowledging the MAP_UPDATE_LOCATION operation.

5 Fig. 3 depicts a preferred signaling scheme and procedure in accordance with the invention. The arrow numbers in Fig. 3 that also appear in Figs. 1a and 1b identify the corresponding signaling operations for Mobile Terminated and Mobile Originated short messages.

10 With specific reference to Fig. 3, a subscriber A sends a short message to the number B1 via his active (i.e. defined) short message service center SC1. The short message is transmitted to short message service center SC1 as a normal Mobile Originated short message. Short message service center SC1 routes (arrow 1) the received short message to mobile switching center GMSC1 which detects, as for example using a part or prefix at the beginning of the number B1, that the short message is destined for another telephone network.

15 Mobile switching center GMSC1 then sends (arrow 2) a routing query to the home location register HLR, and the home location register HLR responds (arrow 3) to the query. The home location register HLR contains data indicating that the subscriber is located in the area of the converter component MSCM; in other words, the home location register HLR sees the converter component MSCM as a mobile switching center. Mobile switching center GMSC

20 then routes (arrow 4) the short message to the converter component MSCM using a MAP_MT_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE operation.

The converter component MSCM is the inventive signaling component which converts the Mobile Terminated format short message into a Mobile Originated format short message. The format of the short message is so changed that the short message will seem to be on its way from subscriber A to short message service center SC2 to the number D'. The converter component MSCM routes (arrow 18) the converted short message to mobile switching center GMSC2 using a MAP_MO_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE operation, and the short message is transmitted (arrow 19) to short message service center SC2. Short message service center SC2 sends (arrow 20) an acknowledgement of the short message to mobile switching center GMSC2, which sends (arrow 21) an acknowledgement of the Mobile Originated format short message to mobile switching center MSCM using a MAP_MO_FORWARD_SHORT_MESSAGE operation. The converter component MSCM sends (arrow 13) an acknowledgement of the Mobile Terminated format short message to mobile switching center GMSC1, which sends (arrow 14) to short message service center SC1 an acknowledgement of the transmitted short message.

At the same time, short message service center SC2 receives the message in the normal manner and converts the address D' into the destination data network address D'', i.e. the address at which the actual service application is located. The service application at the address D'' sees that the short message has been transmitted from subscriber A via short message service center SC2. The service application processes the short message and sends a response, setting the sender number as B2. Short message service center SC2 receives the short message and sends a response message to subscriber A by a known procedure. The

response message sent by the service application need not be routed via the converter component MSCM. Subscriber A sees that the response message has arrived from the number B2 via short message service center SC2, and one transaction has thereby been completed.

In accordance with the invention, transmission of the Mobile Terminated format short message is interrupted when the short message has reached the center which is the converter component MSCM. The short message is then transmitted to the second short message service center SC2, just as if the short message had been received via the radio interface. The mode of operation is then changed or converted into that of a Mobile Originated short message, whereupon the original Mobile Terminated message is acknowledged.

Correspondingly, in a situation in which the data network DN is connected to the converter component MSCM, no conversion from a Mobile Terminated type message into a Mobile Originated type short message is performed but, instead, the short message is routed directly from the converter component MSCM into data network DN. In this case, and with reference to Fig. 3, signaling messages 1, 2, 3, 4, 13 and 14 are employed. The interface between the converter component MSCM and data network DN is so implemented that it resembles the interface between the short message service center SC2 and data network DN.

Thus, while there have shown and described and pointed out fundamental novel features of the invention as applied to preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood that various omissions and substitutions and changes in the form and details of the methods described and devices illustrated, and in their operation, may be made by those skilled in the

art without departing from the spirit of the invention. For example, it is expressly intended that all combinations of those elements and/or method steps which perform substantially the same function in substantially the same way to achieve the same results are within the scope of the invention. Moreover, it should be recognized that structures and/or elements and/or method steps shown and/or described in connection with any disclosed form or embodiment of the invention may be incorporated in any other disclosed or described or suggested form or embodiment as a general matter of design choice. It is the intention, therefore, to be limited only as indicated by the scope of the claims appended hereto.